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38823	38823 7590 04/10/2006		EXAMINER	
THOMAS, KAYDEN, HORSTEMEYER & RISLEY, LLP/ BELLSOUTH I.P. CORP			CHANG, JUNGWON	
	IA PARKWAY		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 1750 ATLANTA, GA 30339			2154 DATE MAILED: 04/10/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary Examiner		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Jungwon Chang Jungw	Office Astion Commons	10/080,484	LEWIS, JOHN E.			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (5) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If No period for reply is specified above, the maximum statulary period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Pailure to reply within the set of extended period for reply will, by slatute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on RCE filed 1/9/06. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-52 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-52 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 1,2 and 4-52 is/are rejected to by the Examiner.	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
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10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) \square objected to by the E	Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
decline altached detailed office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) A) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal Pa				

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Action is in response to RCE filed on 1/9/2006. Claim 3 has been canceled. Claims 1, 2 and 4-52 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 4-11 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sumner et al. (2002/0061003), hereinafter Sumner, in view of Fox et al, (US 2004/0068665), hereinafter Fox, and Arnold et al. (US 6,965,918), hereinafter Arnold.
- 4. As to claim 1, Sumner discloses the invention substantially as claimed, including an apparatus for *sending* a subscriber of new email messages located at a post office (e-mail server; 450, fig. 4) (page 4, 0042, lines 13-16), comprising:

a wireless proxy email client (messaging gateway; 410, 420; fig. 4; 510, 520, fig. 5) in communication with a wireless network (wireless network, 130, figs. 1, 2) and a post office (e-mail server; 450, fig. 4) via an external network (Internet; 215, fig. 2) (page 4, 0041, lines 9-10), the wireless proxy email client utilizing information from a file

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containing the subscriber's information (subscriber preference/profile; 455, fig. 4) to access the subscriber's email account at the post office at the external network (page 2, 0016-0017, "email address, email user's name"; page 5, claim 1; page 3, 0035; 0037-0038), the wireless proxy email client retrieving a portion of an email message from the subscriber's account to uniquely identify the email message (HTTP gateway 410d sends the request to the wireless messaging engine 420 which retrieves the messages from the e-mail server; page 4, 0042) and sending an email to the subscriber (wireless subscriber; 340, figs. 3, 5; 440, fig. 4) (deliver the messages to the subscriber; page 4, 0042, lines 14-16).

5. Sumner does not specifically disclose a notification to the subscriber for alerting the subscriber of the email message at the post office. Fox discloses sending a notification to a wireless device of the subscriber for alerting the subscriber of the email message at the post office (page 1, 0007, "push information delivery system"; page 4, 0033; page 6, 0076). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner and Fox because Fox's notification would allow the wireless device to be informed an urgent incoming email without any delay (page 1, 0007, page 4, 0033; page 6, 0076).

Sumner does not specifically disclose enabling the device to retrieve the email message directly from the post office. Arnold discloses enabling the device to retrieve the email message directly from the post office (col. 3, lines 39-42, "the user has received

authorization to access a mailbox on the email server... the user may issue commands to the email server to retrieve messages"). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner and Arnold because Arnold's authorization to directly access post office would save message retrieval time without going through intermediate device.

- 6. As to claims 2 and 4, Sumner discloses proxy email client captures the subscriber's user profile comprising the subscriber's password, subscriber login information, and post office information (subscriber profile; 455, fig. 4; profile information inherently contains login information, passwords, servers information associated with the login data; page 3, [0038]; login information; page 4, [0040]).
- 7. As to claim 5, Sumner discloses the proxy email client stores the captured user profile in the file (page 3, [0035], lines 8-14; [0037]-[0038]).
- 8. As to claim 6, Sumner discloses the wireless network includes a wireless proxy email server (520, fig. 5) in communication with the proxy email client (510, fig. 5) (page 5, [0051]).
- 9. As to claim 7, Sumner discloses the wireless proxy server (520, fig. 5) is in communication with a storage device (database; 325, fig. 5).

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10. As to claims 8 and 9, Sumner discloses the portion of the email message retrieved from the post office is stored on the storage device (database; 325, figs. 3, 5; page 3, [0037]).

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- 11. As to claims 10 and 11, Sumner discloses wherein the wireless network (130, figs. 1-5) and mobile devices (wireless subscriber unit A-C; 140, figs. 1-2; 340, figs. 3-4; 440, fig. 5) exchange short text message each other (page 1, [0009]; page 4, [0046]). However, Sumner does not specifically disclose SMS message center. Fox discloses SMS message center (102, fig. 2; page 2, 0018-0019, 0021). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner and Fox because Fox's SMS message center would permit the wireless device to transmit text messages to another wireless device.
- 12. As to claim 14, Sumner discloses the portion of the email message retrieved by the proxy email client is a header portion of the email message (email that inherently comprises a header portion, i.e., "To header", "From header", and a body portion; information source generates a message intended for a particular wireless device; page 2, [0029]).
- 13. As to claim 15, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth in claim 1. In addition, Sumner discloses the proxy email client (510, 520, fig. 5) sends a message via the external network (Internet; 215, fig. 5) to a paging network (wireless network; 130, fig. 5)

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for the email message (wireless paging; page 1, [0007], [0009]).

14. As to claim 16, Sumner discloses the external network includes the Internet (215, fig. 2).

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- 15. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sumner, Fox, Arnold, further in view of Skladman et al. (US 6,400,810), hereinafter Skladman.
- 16. As to claim 17, Sumner, Fox and Arnold do not specifically disclose checking the post office for new email messages at a predetermined periodic rate. Skladman discloses checking the post office for new email messages at a predetermined periodic rate (notification server can be configured to poll the e-mail server at predetermined intervals to check for new e-mail; col. 3, lines 40-42; col. 4, lines 53-56; col. 5, lines 17-20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made combine the teachings Sumner, Fox, Arnold and Skladman because Skladman's checking new email at predetermined intervals would periodically notify the subscriber the new incoming email messages.
- 17. Claims 18-28, 31-33, 35, 36, 40-42, 45 and 47-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sumner, Fox, Arnold, further in view of Garakani et al, (US 2002/0064137), hereinafter Garakani.

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18. As to claims 18 and 35, they are rejected for the same reasons set forth in claim 1 above. Sumner does not specifically disclose wireless proxy email client retrieving new message to determine whether the subscriber has been notified of the new email message previously; alerting the subscriber of the new email message at the post office if the subscriber has not been notified previously about the new email message.

Garakani discloses determining whether the subscriber has been notified of the message previously (determining whether the peer gateway has already notified it; page 4, 0053). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner, Fox, Arnold and Garakani because Garakani's determining notification would prevent the subscriber to receive unnecessary notification message twice.

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- 19. As to claims 19 and 20, Sumner discloses proxy email client captures the subscriber's user profile comprising the subscriber's password, subscriber login information, and post office information (subscriber profile; 455, fig. 4; profile information that inherently contains login information, passwords, servers information associated with the login data; page 3, [0038]; login information; page 4, [0040]).
- 20. As to claim 21, Sumner discloses the proxy email client stores the captured user profile in the file (page 3, [0035], lines 8-14; [0037]-[0038]).
- 21. As to claim 22, Sumner discloses the wireless network includes a wireless proxy

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email server (520, fig. 5) in communication with the proxy email client (510, fig. 5) (page 5, [0051]).

- 22. As to claim 23, Sumner discloses the wireless proxy server (520, fig. 5) is in communication with a storage device (database; 325, fig. 5).
- 23. As to claims 24 and 25, Sumner discloses the portion of the email message retrieved from the post office is stored on the storage device (database; 325, figs. 3, 5; page 3, [0037]).
- 24. As to claims 26-28, Sumner discloses wherein the wireless network (130, figs. 1-5) and mobile devices (wireless subscriber unit A-C; 140, figs. 1-2; 340, figs. 3-4; 440, fig. 5) exchange short text message each other (page 1, [0009]; page 4, [0046]). However, Sumner does not specifically disclose SMS message center. Fox discloses SMS message center (102, fig. 2; page 2, 0018-0019, 0021). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner and Fox because Fox's SMS message center would permit the wireless device to transmit text messages to another wireless device.
- 25. As to claim 31, Sumner discloses the portion of the email message retrieved by the proxy email client is a header portion of the email message (email that inherently comprises a header portion, i.e., "To header", "From header", and a body portion;

information source generates a message intended for a particular wireless device; page 2, [0029]).

- 26. As to claim 32, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth in claim 1. In addition, Sumner discloses the proxy email client (510, 520, fig. 5) sends a message via the external network (Internet; 215, fig. 5) to a paging network (wireless network; 130, fig. 5) for the email message (wireless paging; page 1, [0007], [0009]).
- 27. As to claim 33, Sumner discloses the external network includes the Internet (215, fig. 2).
- 28. As to claim 36, Sumner further discloses sending a wireless email notification (wireless paging is through the use of STMP or e-mail; page 1, [0009]).
- 29. As to claims 40, 41 and 45, they are rejected for the same reasons set forth in claims 19 and 20 above.
- 30. As to claim 42, Sumner further discloses storing the captured information in a secure file (authentication; page 2, [0029]).
- 31. As to claims 47 and 50, Sumner discloses creating a record includes creating a record comprising a filed including a user identification (email address; page 1, [0009]).

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32. As to claim 48, Sumner discloses creating the record including a creating a record comprising a filed including an ISP domain name (email address inherently includes a domain name, i.e., Jungwon.Chang@USPTO.gov, domain name of the address is "USPTO.gov"; email address; page 1, [0009]).

- 33. As to claim 49, it is rejected for the same reasons set forth in claim 31 above:
- 34. Claims 34, 43, 44, 51 and 52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sumner, Fox, Arnold, Garakani, further in view of Skladman et al. (US 6,400,810), hereinafter Skladman.
- 35. As to claims 34, 43 and 44, Sumner, Fox, Arnold and Garakani do not specifically disclose checking the post office for new email messages at a predetermined periodic rate. Skladman discloses checking the post office for new email messages at a predetermined periodic rate (notification server can be configured to poll the e-mail server at predetermined intervals to check for new e-mail; col. 3, lines 40-42; col. 4, lines 53-56; col. 5, lines 17-20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made combine the teachings Sumner, Fox, Arnold, Garakani and Skladman because Skladman's checking new email at predetermined intervals would periodically notify the subscriber the new incoming email messages.

36. As to claims 51 and 52, Sumner, Fox, Arnold, Garakani do not specifically disclose a field including a date on which an email message is received by the post office. However, Skladman discloses a field including a date on which an email message is received by the post office (fig. 5; col. 2, lines 56-63). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner, Fox, Arnold, Garakani and Skladman because Skladman's date on email message would improve the quality of email service by allowing the subscriber to aware of when the email was received.

- 37. Claims 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sumner, Fox, Arnold, further in view of Ng (US 6,640,301).
- 38. As to claims 12 and 13, Sumner, Fox, Arnold do not specifically disclose computing a checksum on the portion of the email message. However, Ng discloses computing a checksum on the portion of the email message (CKSUM, 34, figs. 5, 14; checksum generator; 40, fig. 12; col. 3, line 63 col. 4, line 12; col. 4, lines 19-47; col. 7, lines 20-48). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner, Fox, Arnold and Ng because Ng's checksum would improve authentication of e-mail message by delivering the desired e-mail message only to intended recipient using the checksum.
- 39. Claims 29, 30, 37-39 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Sumner, Fox, Arnold, Garakani, further in view of Ng (US 6,640,301).

40. As to claims 29, 30, 37-39 and 46, Sumner, Fox, Arnold and Garakani do not specifically disclose computing a checksum on the portion of the email message. However, Ng discloses computing a checksum on the portion of the email message (CKSUM, 34, figs. 5, 14; checksum generator; 40, fig. 12; col. 3, line 63 – col. 4, line 12; col. 4, lines 19-47; col. 7, lines 20-48). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Sumner, Fox, Arnold, Garakani and Ng because Ng's checksum would improve authentication of e-mail message by delivering the desired e-mail message only to intended recipient using the checksum.

Conclusion

41. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Brown, JR. et al, US 2003/0177171, Amir et al, US 2003/0055902, Dusse et al, patent 6,647,260, Goldstone, US 2003/0142364 disclose a method and system for retrieving encrypted e-mail message.

42. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jungwon Chang whose telephone number is 571-272-3960. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00 (Monday-Friday).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John A Follansbee can be reached on 571-272-3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jungwon Chang March 31, 2006

Clas Fraguer